Scalable Synthesis of P(SiMe₃)₃ – An Illustrated Tutorial

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Tris(trimethylsilyl)phosphine,^[1] P(SiMe₃)₃, is a versatile reagent that is widely used to prepare a number of metal clusters and low-coordinate organophosphorus compounds such as phosphaalkynes.^[2] It is often exploited as an 'easy to handle' alternative to PH₃ gas and it is a covalent synthon for the P³⁻ anion.

P(SiMe₃)₃ is a highly pyrophoric, air- and moisture-sensitive, oily liquid that hydrolyses to produce toxic PH₃ gas. Although it is commercially available, its high cost means that it is instead more commonly prepared on a multigram scale in the laboratory. This 'how to' presentation will detail how to safely synthesise P(SiMe₃)₃ on a large scale with the aid of illustrated guides from the Schlenk Line Survival Guide.^[3]

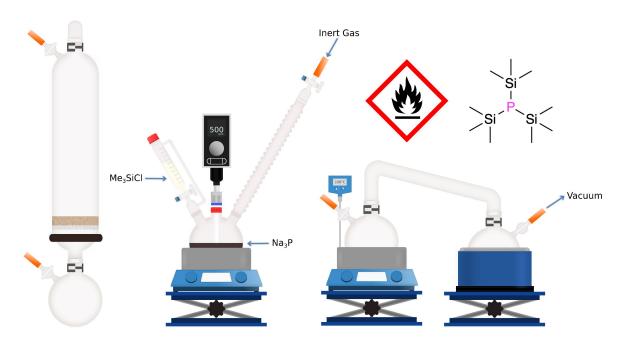


Figure 1: Synthesis of P(SiMe₃)₃.

- [1] S. A. Kosarev, S. J. Collier. e-EROS, 2011 (doi: 10.1002/047084289X.rn01332)
- [2] C. A. Russell, N. S. Townsend. *Phosphorus(III) Ligands in Homogenous Catalysis: Design and Synthesis.* **2012**, *Chapter 11 (doi: 10.1002/9781118299715.ch11)*
- [3] A. M. Borys. schlenklinesurvivalguide.com/psime₃₃/